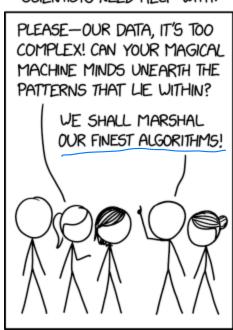
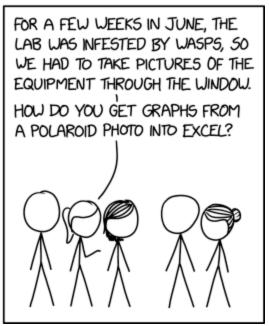
Chapter 1: Introduction

Statistical learning refers to a vast set of tools for understanding data.

WHAT TECH PEOPLE THINK SCIENTISTS NEED HELP WITH:

PLE THINK WHAT SCIENTISTS HELP WITH: ACTUALLY NEED:





https://xked.com/2341/

Alternative text: I vaguely and irrationally resent how useful WebPlotDigitizer is.

These tools can broadly be thought of as

Supervised on Unsupervised

predicting or estimating inputs w/ no supervising outputs

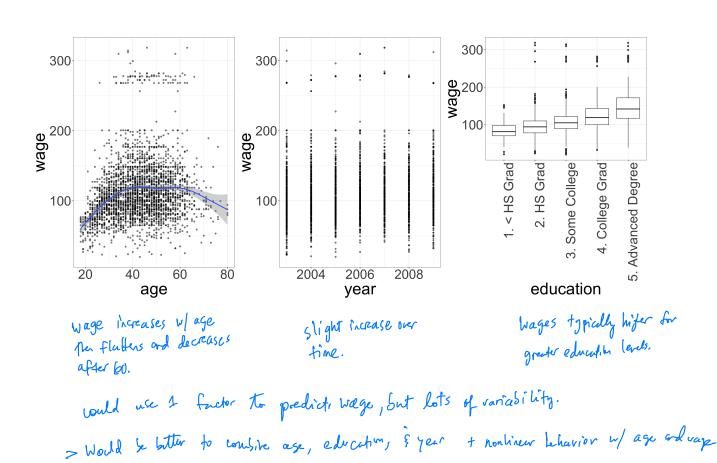
an output based on me can still learn about the structure of data, or more inputs

Examples:

Wage data

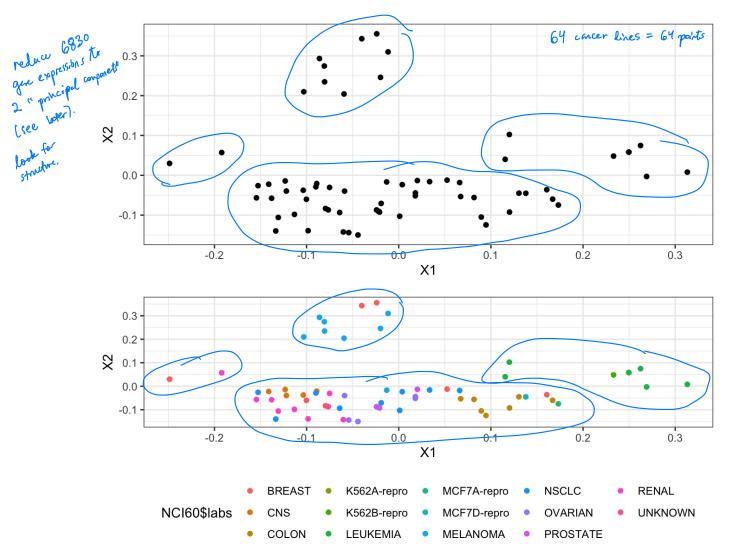
year	age	maritl	race	edu- cation		job- class	health	health_ins	logwage	wage
2006	18	1. Never Mar- ried	1. White	1. < HS Grad	2. Middle At-lantic	1. Indus- trial	1. <=Good	2. No	4.318063	75.04315
2004	24	1. Never Mar- ried	1. White		2. Middle At-lantic		2. >=Very Good	2. No	4.255273	70.47602
2003	45	2. Mar- ried	1. White	3. Some Col- lege	2. Mid- dle At- lantic	1. Indus- trial	1. <=Good	1. Yes	4.875061	130.98218

Factors related to wages for a group of males from the Atlantic region of the United States. We might be interested in the association between an employee's age, education, and the calendar year on his wage.

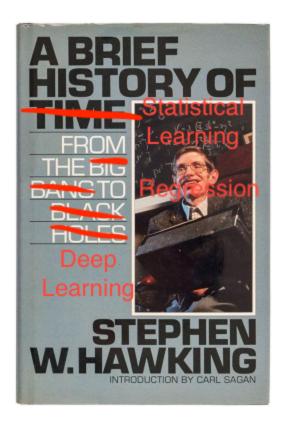


Gene Expression Data

Consider the NCI60 data, which consists of 6,830 gene expression measurements for 64 cancer lines. We are interested ind determining whether there are **groups** among the cell lines based on their gene expression measurements.



1 A Brief History



Although the term "statistical machine learning" is fairly new, many of the concepts are not. Here are some highlights:

2 Notation and Simple Matrix Algebra

I'll try to keep things consistent notationally don't!	throughout this course.	Please call me out if I
n		
p		
x_{ij}		
\boldsymbol{X}		
24		
$oldsymbol{y}$		
$a, oldsymbol{A}, A$		
$a\in\mathbb{R}$		
Matrix multiplication		